Autumn		Autumn 2	Spring I	Spi	ring 2	Summer I	Summer	Summer 2	
PSHE Theme									
Relationships			Living in the wider world			Health and wellbeing			
Families and	Safe	Respecting ourselves	Belonging to a	Media literacy and	Money and	Physical Health and	Growing and	Keeping	
friendships	relationships	and others	community	digital resilience	work	mental wellbeing	changing	safe	

EYFS Areas including PSHE and RSE in the new Development Matters document 2021; Please see Pinfold Early Years Curriculum Document						
PSED	Page 26-34	Characteristics of Effective Learning				
PD	Pages 35-45	Playing and Exploring				
UW	Pages 60-68	Active Learning				
COEL run through all aspects of learning PSED and RSE:		Creating and Thinking Critically				
Pages 9-12						

(Areas to highlight as covered and cut and paste in the	term column as appropriate)			
4.4×	Please see our Assembly Plans for where we include work from			
	Andrew Moffatt's No Outsiders scheme, teaching about			
Department for Education	diversity, speaking out against discrimination, being a			
Statutory Guidance	bystander, celebrating difference and British Values. Also our			
Statutory Suidance	Prevent Risk Assessment.			
	•			

Families and people who care for me

Pupils should know:

- that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
- the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
- that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
- that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
- that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
- how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed

Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious.

Caring friendships

Pupils should know:

- how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
- the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
- that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
- that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
- how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

Respectful relationships

Pupils should know:

- the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
- practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
- the conventions of courtesy and manners
- the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
- that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
- about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
- what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
- the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults

Online relationships

Pupils should know:

- that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
- that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
- the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them

- how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
- how information and data is shared and used online

(Please see computing overview for other Online Safety information.)

Being safe

Pupils should know:

- what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
- about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
- that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
- how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
- how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
- how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard,
- how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
- where to get advice, for example family, school or other sources

Sex Education

Most of the scientific parts of sex education are taught as part of our Science curriculum. We believe it is important to teach children about relationships alongside this. As a school we will assess the knowledge and maturity of the cohort of children accrued from the RSH education previously taught in school and decide year on year what exactly children need to know, what is appropriate to that particular cohort of children and if for example there is need to address a child's misconceptions. This will generally be taught in Years 5 or 6, depending on prior knowledge, appropriateness and maturity. We will include:

- growing and changing: human reproduction and birth; increasing independence; managing transitions
- to recognise some of the changes as they grow up e.g. increasing independence
- about what being more independent might be like, including how it may feel
- about the transition to secondary school and how this may affect their feelings
- about how relationships may change as they grow up or move to secondary school
- puberty: change and becoming independent
- how a baby is made
- pupils are often aware that sexual intercourse does not always result in a baby and they may already be aware of or have heard about some common methods of contraception (e.g. condoms, the contraceptive pill or avoiding sexual intercourse)



- a basic understanding of contraception can be taught at primary level. This may include basic information about common forms of contraception (for example, condoms and the contraceptive pill) and how these can prevent a baby being made.
- health and wellbeing
- practical strategies that can help to manage times of change and transition e.g. practising the bus route to secondary school
- identify the links between love, committed relationships and conception
- what sexual intercourse is, and how it can be one part of an intimate relationship between consenting adults
- how pregnancy occurs i.e. when a sperm meets an egg and the fertilised egg settles into the lining of the womb
- that pregnancy can be prevented with contraception
- about the responsibilities of being a parent or carer and how having a baby changes someone's life

(Please see Science Overview for other reproduction education.)

Circle Time

"Children love Circle Time, Circle Time brings just the right blend of structure, enjoyment and learning!"

Quality Circle Time (QCT) is a very exciting, democratic and creative approach used to support teachers and other professionals work with pupils in managing issues that affect the whole learning community. Teaching staff, children, support staff, parents and governors can all be actively involved. QCT has proved successful in promoting better relationships and helps with positive behaviour management, two of the most effective improvements to both learning and the smooth and harmonious running of a school. *Jenny Mosely*

- Think
- Look
- Listen
- Concentrate
- Speak/communicate

The five skills children need to have/be taught:

These are the five steps to achieve it:

- How to meet up and have fun
- Warm up
- How do you open up and really engage
- · Cheering up- getting positive again
- Calming down- ready to work again

	PRIMARY PSHE EDUCATION: LONG-TERM OVERVIEW — THEMATIC MODEL									
		Autumn: Relationships			Spring: Living in the wider world			Summer: Health and Wellbeing		
		Families and friendships	Safe relationships	Respecting ourselves and others	Belonging to a community	Media literacy and digital resilience	Money and work	Physical health and Mental wellbeing	Growing and changing	Keeping safe
YRA YRC	Veor	Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for	Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission	How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful	What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment	Using the internet and digital devices; communicating online	Strengths and interests; jobs in the community	Keeping healthy; food and exercise, hygiene routines; sun safety	Recognising what makes them unique and special; feelings; managing when things go wrong	How rules and age restrictions help us; keeping safe online
YRB	Vest 2	Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help	Managing secrets; resisting pressure and getting help; recognising hurtful behaviour	Recognising things in common and differences; playing and working coop- eratively; sharing opinions	Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community	The internet in everyday life; online content and infor- mation	What money is; needs and wants; looking after money	Why sleep is im- portant; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help	Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year	Safety in different environments; risk and safety at home; emergencies
YRA	Voor 3	What makes a family; features of family life	Personal boundar- ies; safely respond- ing to others; the impact of hurtful behaviour	Recognising re- spectful behaviour; the importance of self-respect; courte- sy and being polite	The value of rules and laws; rights, freedoms and re- sponsibilities	How the internet is used; assessing information online	Different jobs and skills; job ste- reotypes; setting personal goals	Health choices and habits; what affects feelings; expressing feelings	Personal strengths and achievements; managing and re- framing setbacks	Risks and hazards; safety in the local environment and unfamiliar places
YRC	Vest	Positive friendships, including online	Responding to hurtful behaviour; managing confiden- tiality; recognising risks online	Respecting differ- ences and similari- ties; discussing dif- ference sensitively	What makes a community; shared responsibilities	How data is shared and used	Making decisions about money; using and keeping money safe	Maintaining a bal- anced lifestyle; oral hygiene and dental care	Physical and emo- tional changes in puberty; external genitalia; personal hygiene routines; support with pu- berty	Medicines and household products; drugs common to everyday life
YRB	Year 5	Managing friend- ships and peer influence	Physical contact and feeling safe	Responding respect- fully to a wide range of people; recognis- ing prejudice and discrimination	Protecting the envi- ronment; compas- sion towards others	How information online is targeted; different media types, their role and impact	Identifying job inter- ests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereo- types	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccina- tions, immunisations and allergies	Personal identity; recognising individ- uality and different qualities; mental wellbeing	Keeping safe in different situations, including responding in emergencies, first aid and FGM
YRD From F	PSH!	Attraction to others; romantic relationships; civil partnership and marriage Association doc	Recognising and managing pressure; consent in different situations	Expressing opin- ions and respecting other points of view, including discussing topical issues	Valuing diversity; challenging discrim- ination and stereo- types	Evaluating media sources; sharing things online	Influences and attitudes to money; money and financial risks	What affects mental health and ways to take care of it; managing change, loss and bereave- ment; managing time online	Human reproduc- tion and birth; increasing indepen- dence; managing transition	Keeping personal information safe; regulations and choices; drug use and the law; drug use and the media

